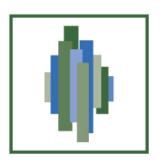


TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATION AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT PROFESSIONALS: IMPLICATIONS FOR SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

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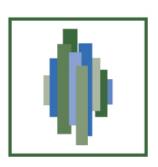


Introduction: Technological Innovations

 FM profession emerged in response to advancement in technological innovation amongst other factors.

 Technology has continued to influence the development of FM practice afterwards.





Some Technological Innovations in FM

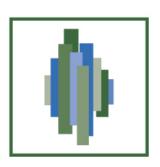






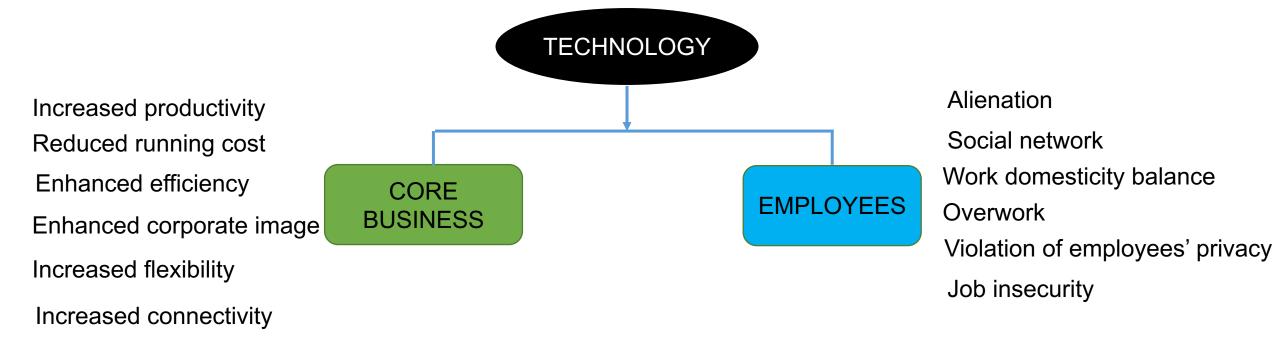






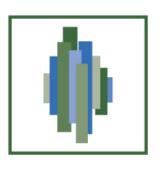
Impact of Technology in Organisation

 The impact of technology in the organisation is both on the core business and the employees.





- All the factors under the employee axis have implications for social sustainability.
- This study argues that technological innovations can yield optimal added value to FM organisation when consideration is accorded the employees' social sustainability factors that may arise.

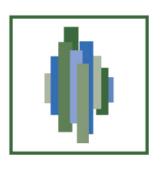


Sustainability

- Sustainability is the use of resources by the current generation in ways that does not foreclose the chances of use by the future generation.
- Employees social sustainability is managing the impact of business both positively or negatively on the employees.
- Sustainability consists of three interdependent pillars (Hodges 2005; Dillard & King 2008; Teodorescu 2015).

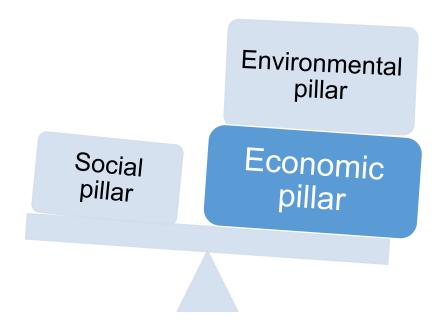


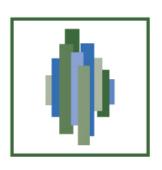




Sustainability / Sustainable FM

 Sustainability is not holistic in FM because of the unbalanced treatment of the pillars.





The Gap/Measuring Social Sustainability

 Measuring social sustainability in FM is not clear because of the subjective nature of social factors.

 Literature revealed that social sustainability is anchored in the framework of



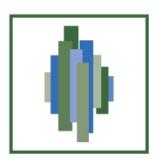




Methodology

• An interdisciplinary literature search on the factors that have direct influence on employees' welfare and societal well-being between 2000-2016 revealed sixteen (16) factors.

 These factors were classified as social relationship, job satisfaction and knowledge development to form the constructs of this study.



Classification of factors

Social relationship (Trust)

Job satisfaction (Wellbeing)

Alienation

Social network

Work and domesticity balance

Overwork

Social isolation

Remuneration

Autonomy

Job security

Interpersonal relationship

Professional status

Task requirement

Organisation policy

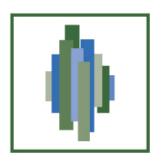
Knowledge development (Competence)

Workshops and seminar

Professional development plan

Retirement development plan

On the job training



Social Relationship

Social relationship is the connection with at least one or more people acting harmoniously in some social activities.



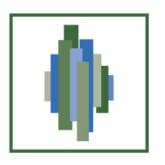
Breakdown of social relationship results in a sick and socially unsustainable society.



Job Satisfaction

• Emotional state resulting from the appraisal of one's job and the attainment of one's values (Locke, 1969, Cranny, Smith, and Stone, 1992).

• There is significant relationship between a low level of job satisfaction and the rate of employee turnover (Lance, 1991; Irvine and Evans, 1995).

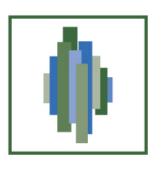


Knowledge Development

 A process that provides effective understanding of current work advancement to the employees.

 Seeking current knowledge is a means by which organisations can be sustainable (Drucker, 1993; Nutt, 1999).

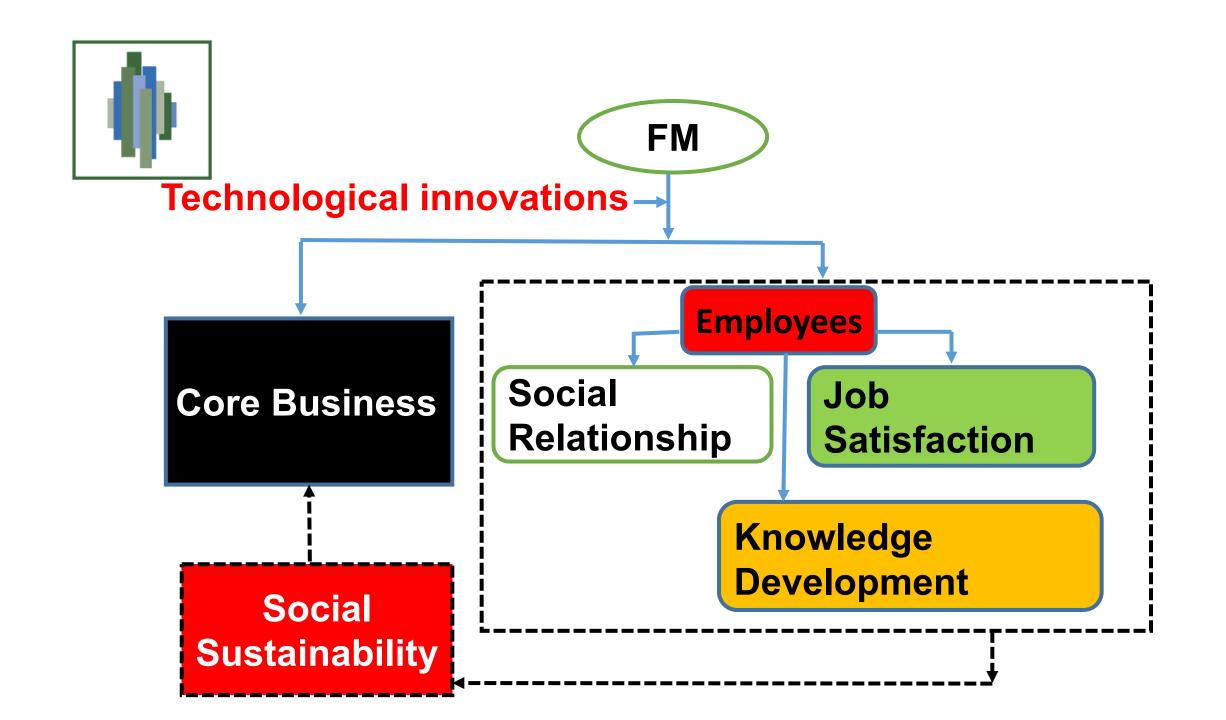
• Organisations seek employees that are able and willing to update their knowledge on a continuous basis (Bhatt, 2001; Ware, 2003; Wiewiora et al., 2010; Dempsey et al., 2011).

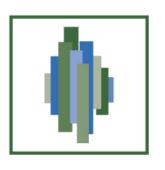


Towards the Proposed Framework

 The broader ways through which organisations contribute socially to society is well established in literature.

- However, the contribution from specific segments of the organisation to social well-being of society is not clear.
- This study adopted FM employees as an internal stakeholder in organisations through which society can be socially influenced.





Premise of the framework

 This paper represents a preliminary stage of an ongoing PhD research that seeks to assess the influence of technological innovations on facilities management practice and the implications for social sustainability in South Africa.

