University of Cape Town

Faculty of Engineering and the Built Environment



STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

Occupational Health and Safety Protection and Management of Staff, Students and Visitors in relation to the COVID-19 Pandemic

SOP Category:	Review Date: May 2023 or as required	
Occupational Health and Safety		
Compiled By: FHS OHS Committee. Adapted for EBE by Gita Valodia		
Approved By: Chair EBE SHE Committee	Signature: Prof Robert Knutsen	
Approved By: Dean, Faculty of EBE	Signature: Prof Alison E Lewis	
Approved By: COO, UCT	Signature: Dr Reno Morar	
Target Group: All staff, students, 3rd Party Workers & Visitors	Date and Version: 18 June 2020 (EBE V1)	

1. Purpose	 To describe the role of the UCT EBE Management and Safety Health and Environment (SHE) Committee with regard to COVID-19 during the state of national disaster. To ensure staff, students, 3rd party workers and visitors are provided with appropriate protection against COVID-19 through risk mitigation strategies.
2. Scope of	This SOP is applicable to all UCT EBE:
Application	Staff
	Students
	3rd Party workers
	Contractors
	Visitors
3. Legal Framework	Disaster Management Act, 57 of 2002
	Occupational Health and Safety Act No. 85 of 1993
4. Relevant policies	•Government Gazette, Vol. 660, 4 June 2020, No. 43400.
and guidelines	•Department of Health - Clinical management of suspected or confirmed
	COVID-19 disease, Version 4 (18 May 2020).
5. Abbreviations	COVID-19 – Coronavirus Disease 2019
	OHS – Occupational Health and Safety
	PPE – Personal Protective Equipment
	EBE – Faculty of Engineering and the Built Environment
	SHE Committee – Safety Health and Environment Committee
6. Definitions	COVID-19 – Disease caused by a Novel Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2)
7. Roles and	1. Dean
Responsibilities	Dean as 16(2) appointee is delegated accountability for health and

safety management in the EBE faculty by the VC (16(1)).

2. Heads of Departments

The Dean of the EBE faculty requires Heads of Departments to assist her/him in ensuring compliance with the requirements of the OHS Act (85/1993) and regulations, in their designated areas.

3. Health and Safety Representatives (Health and Safety Subcommittee members):

- Must be nominated, designated in writing by employer after consultation and agreement reached and must be a full-time worker.
- Must be familiar with circumstances and conditions at part of the workplace for which they are designated.
- Agreement must also be reached on the period of office and functions of the health and safety representative and must be settled amongst the employer and workers.
- Although Section 18 of the OHS Act lists the responsibilities, the employer cannot force him/her to do his/her duties as a safety representative, but they can be motivated by reminding them that they formally accepted their health and safety responsibilities.
- This person is not paid to perform these duties which include regular area inspections, monthly/quarterly reports in the form of a checklist to be completed during an inspection and any nonconformances are to be raised immediately in the event of an unsafe act or unsafe area.
- The duty to inform applies here and this must be done in writing by way of checklists, incident/accident forms, near-miss records, feedback to health and safety committee.
- The safety representative also has a duty to assist in incident and accident investigations if these occur in their area of responsibility.
- In the case of the COVID-19 pandemic, health and safety representatives are encouraged to serve as monitors to ensure staff and students adhere to safe hygiene practices, always wear their PPE, adhere to the social distancing measures and assist when a person presents with symptoms.
- All the relevant documentation must be controlled and communicated.
- Ensure that enough hand sanitizer is always available in their designated areas of responsibilities.
- Always adhere to the outcome of the risk assessments in ensuring that the preventive and corrective actions are implemented and monitored.
- Ensure that all the General Principles (point no. 8 in this document) are adhered to.
- Report any deviations to their Line Managers.

8. General principles to be adhered to:(a) Before leaving for work

 Do not report to work if you have ANY of the following cold- or flu-like symptoms in the past 14 days:

	1. Cough
	2. Sore throat
	3. Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
	4. Loss of the sense of smell (anosmia)
	5. Alteration of the sense of taste (dysgeusia)
	6. With or without other symptoms which may include (i)
	fever, (ii) weakness, (iii) muscle aches and pains
	(myalgia), or (iv) diarrhoea
	Immediately notify your line manager if you have any of the above
	symptoms.
	Before leaving for work notify your line manager if you are a
	close contact of a confirmed case, made face-to-face contact
	(≤1 metre) or been in a closed space for at least 15 minutes, of a confirmed COVID-19 case.
	 Notify your Head of Department or Director as soon as possible if you are diagnosed with COVID-19.
(b) Screening of staff,	Staff and students must produce their ID cards to enter
students, visitors	campuses and buildings.
students, visitors	 Department staff will keep a record of any visitors entering their
	buildings.
	Complete the compulsory Self-Screening Questionnaire as
	outlined in the separate SOP.
	The Faculty is required to appropriately manage, and report
	occupationally acquired COVID-19 cases at UCT EBE.
(c) Face protection	·
	A cloth mask should be worn to and from work. All the first terms of the state of the stat
	All staff, students, 3 rd party workers, contractors and visitors will be a solved to account a fact the solved and account and a solved to account a fact that are a fact to account as a fact that are a fact to account a
	will be required to wear their cloth masks on campus.
	Three cloth masks will be issued to staff and students. You would be required to sign for those.
	would be required to sign for these.Staff and students who work in areas with increased risk will
	also be provided with the appropriate face mask and/or face
	visors as detailed in the SOP: PPE for all staff and students.
(d) Clean hands	
(a) cican namas	Regularly use the hand sanitizer at all entrances/exits of the
	campus buildings.
	Use a hand disinfectant or preferably wash your hands
	thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds after touching
	possible contaminated surfaces.
	When coughing or sneezing do not use your hands, use a
	tissue/toilet paper or the inside of your elbow.

 Use disposable tissues rather than a handkerchief, immediately dispose of these tissues in a closed bin and wash and sanitise your hands afterwards

Wash your hands as often as you can, but especially:

After using the toilet or changing nappies.

preparing or eating food.

After caring for the sick.

After touching frequently touched public surfaces like door handles, ATM keypads and taxi seats.

How to wash your hands

- · Use these steps to wash your hands for at least 20 seconds.
- · Roll up your sleeves, rinse hands in clean water and apply soap to palm of hand.















Rub palms together.

Rub tips of nails against palm. Swap hands.

Rub fingers between each other.

Place one hand over back of other, rub between fingers. Swap hands.

Grip fingers and rub together.

Rub each thumb with opposite palm. Swap hands.

- · Rinse your hands with clean water and dry on paper towel or allow to dry on their own.
- · If you have hand sanitiser use it if your hands are not dirty and only if you have no soap and water.

(e) Physical distancing

- Always maintain a safe physical/social distance of at least 1.5 meters from other people.
- Only one person in an elevator or other small spaces at a time (such as kitchenettes, bathrooms).
- Arrange table and chairs in eating areas and other common spaces so that social distancing can be practiced.
- Do not meet in groups.
- Avoid all physical hand contact such as handshaking.
- Avoid sharing belongings and equipment such as stationery, keyboards, cell phones food, etc.
- Avoid touching objects before sanitizing, like trollies, toilet seats, turnstiles, tables, chairs, stair railings, etc.
- Staff and students will be required to leave campus once their work or shift is complete.

Social Distancing - why and how do we keep apart from each other?

- Coronavirus causes cough and fever. Most people with coronavirus get it mildly.
- When a person with coronavirus coughs or sneezes, they leave the virus on surfaces and in the air.
- · You may catch coronavirus if:
- You touch these surfaces and then touch your face, eyes, nose or mouth or
- You have close contact (1.5 metres) with a person who has coronavirus.



(f) Laboratory, Clinical and Other Specialized Areas

- For laboratory work and other areas, staff and students will work in shifts to improve social distancing.
- Research groups will be split into smaller teams to improve social distancing.
- Each team will be allowed to work in the laboratory during different time slots.
- Each person will be allocated a zone within the laboratory to do their own work.
- Additional measures are detailed in separate SOPs.

(g) Office and General Spaces

- Rearrange shared offices and other spaces to maximise social distance.
- Measures in place, such as screens, where social distancing can't be adhered to are to be implemented in shared offices and other spaces.
- When possible, staff and students will be allowed to work in different shifts.
- Measures in respect of workplaces to which public have access: Physical barriers and 1.5 m distance.
- Regular cleaning of door handles and elevator buttons.
 Disinfect interior and exterior doorknobs and any other common surfaces that have been touched and thus potentially contaminated. Use 70% ethanol or 4-5 teaspoons of household bleach per litre of water.
- Disinfect work surfaces (also when using a kitchen). Wipe down any surfaces with 70% ethanol or diluted bleach you have worked on and touched when you are finished in the area.
- When using desk phones, try to use the speaker function and wipe down with paper towel sprayed with 70% ethanol.
- Use a dedicated keyboard for computer use at your designated office space. Consider wearing gloves when using shared keyboards.

Keep your work environment clean. Clean all frequently touched surfaces in the workplace,



such as workstations (e.g. telephones, keyboards), counter tops and doorknobs using soap and water. Then disinfect using household bleach (4-5 teaspoons per 1 litre of water).

References:

Government Gazette, Vol. 660, 4 June 2020, No. 43400

Department of Health - Clinical management of suspected or confirmed COVID-19 disease, Version 4 (18 th May 2020)

Western Cape Government: Health, Circular H58 of 2020: COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Policy, 26/04/2020

Western Cape Government: Health, Circular H46 of 2020: Best Practice Guidance for the use of Cloth Masks only in Non-Healthcare Settings

Western Cape Government: Health, Circular H70 of 2020: Preventing and Managing Coronavirus Infection in the Workplace

National Health Laboratory Services - Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) Quick Reference for Clinical Health Care Workers, 25 May 2020

Cape Town HVTN Immunology Laboratory (CHIL) Standard Operating Procedure for: Best Practices for work at CHIL during COVID-19 pandemic

Occupational Health and Safety Act no. 85 of 1993